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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE P25-003 3882 Richard E. Forkey 10/659,727 09/10/2003 EXAMINER 34021 7590 08/23/2005 MACK, RICKY LEVERN GEORGE A. HERBSTER **40 BEACH STREET** ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER SUITE 303 MANCHESTER, MA 01944 2873

**DATE MAILED: 08/23/2005** 

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/659,7	27	FORKEY ET AL.	•
		Examine	r	Art Unit	<del></del>
		Ricky L. I	<b>v</b> lack	2873	
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this commun	ication appears on th	e cover sheet with t	he correspondence address	S
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comn e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 D period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no expunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and wwill, by statute, cause the app	vent, however, may a reply buttory minimum of thirty (30 will expire SIX (6) MONTHS plication to become ABAND	be timely filed  ) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this commun	nication.
Status					
1)[X]	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 06 June 2005			
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
<u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) 21-25 is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on 10 September Applicant may not request that any objected to specific the oath or declaration is objected to	er 2003 is/are: a) $\square$ action to the drawing(s) the correction is required.	be held in abeyance. red if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)[ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority  2. Certified copies of the priority  3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	documents have bee documents have bee of the priority docum nal Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Appli ents have been rec le 17.2(a)).	ication No seived in this National Stag	j <b>e</b>
2) Notice 3) Infor	ot <b>(s)</b> the of References Cited (PTO-892) the of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Poet of Draction Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or the No(s)/Mail Date <u>0205</u> .			ail Date nal Patent Application (PTO-152)	)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Information Disclosure Statement

1. The DE 9200876U reference cited on information disclosure statement filed 2/8/05 was not initialed on the copy mailed 3/11/05. The DE 9200876U has been considered and is initialed on the PTO-1449 provided with this office action. Lined through references on the PTO-1449 were previously initialed on the copy mailed 3/11/05.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

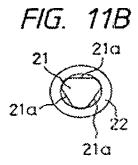
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-3, 6-12 and 15-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Hasegawa (DE 4438511 A1).

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 1, 10 and 19, an optical device extending along a geometric axis comprising: A) a final lens element (21) formed from an initial lens element characterized by centered, rotational symmetry about an optical axis, said final lens element having at least one [sawn] planar face (21a) extending between image forming surfaces transverse to said geometric axis at each end of said final lens element, said at least one [sawn] planar face being

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parallel to and spaced from the geometric axis, and B) a sheath (22) surrounding said lens element. Hasegawa discloses the claimed invention except the planar faces being formed by a sawn process. Since applicant is claiming a device, as opposed to process, the manner in which the device is made is not patentable significance in claim 1. See MPEP 2113.



"The patentability of a product does not depend upon its method of production. If the product in [a] product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, [then] the claim is unpatentable even though the prior [art] product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted). Once the examiner provides a rationale tending to show that the claimed product appears to be the same or similar to that of the prior art, although produced by a different process, the burden shifts to applicant to come forward with evidence establishing an unobvious difference between the claimed product and the prior art product. In re Marosi, 218 USPO 289, 292 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 2 and 11, an optical device wherein said sheath has a cylindrical cross section.

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 3 and 12, an optical device wherein said final lens element has at least two [sawn] planar faces that lie in intersecting planes.

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 6 and 15, an optical device formed with a geometric axis that is parallel to the optical axis in said initial lens element.

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 7 and 16, an optical device wherein said final lens element is inclusive of portions of said initial lens element including said optical axis.

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 8 and 17, wherein said optical and geometric axes are parallel.

Hasegawa discloses, as in claims 9 and 18, wherein said optical and geometric axes are coincident.

Hasegawa inherently discloses, as in claim 20, a polygonal lens (see fig. 11B, ref. 21) located in a sheath (22).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. Claims 4, 5, 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hasegawa (DE 4438511 A1) in view of Mazurkewitz (6088157).

Hasegawa discloses the claimed as described above, but does not disclose an optical device having four planar surfaces whereby said final lens element has a rectangular cross section (claims 4 and 13) or a square cross section (claims 5 and 14). Hasegawa discloses a lens a triangular cross section. Within the field of endeavor, Mazurkewitz discloses an endoscope with a lens of triangular and square cross section. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the optical device of Hasegawa with lenses of triangular and square cross section, as disclosed by Mazurkewitz, for the purpose of providing a rod shaped optical element "suitable for use with the optical instrument in which it is to be used" (Mazurkewitz: col. 5, lines 3-15).

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# Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Examiner's Comment(s)

7. Upon further consideration a previously considered reference, and in particular to a figure (11b), which reads on applicant's invention, and to a newly cited reference, the allowability of claims 10-20 has been withdrawn.

# Allowable Subject Matter

- 8. Claims 21-25 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 9. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowability: The prior art taken either singularly or in combination fails to anticipate or fairly suggest the limitations of the independent claim(s), in such a manner that a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102 or 103 would be proper. The prior art fails to teach a combination of all the claimed features as presented in claim(s) 21-25, wherein the claimed invention comprises a step wherein sawing includes positioning the lens system with respect to a saw and whereby portions of the lens element that are removed lie outside said portions of said lens elements inclusive of the geometric and optical axes whereby the final lens assembly includes both the optical and geometric axes, as claimed. The combination of all the claimed features are not anticipated or made obvious by the prior art and all of said features are relied upon for a determination of allowability.

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Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. Nakamura (JP404183477A) is cited for disclosing a catheter with a rod lens (3) and

light guides surrounding the rod lens. Forkey (WO 2005/026813 A1) is a related PCT document.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Ricky L. Mack whose telephone number is (571) 272-2333. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (6:30 AM to 4:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Georgia Y. Epps can be reached on (571) 272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ricky L Mack Primary Examiner

Primary Examinei Art Unit 2873

RM

August 21, 2005